

## 中国科学院 2014 年数学分析真题解析

1. 求  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{n}}{n+1} + \frac{\sin \frac{2\pi}{n}}{n+\frac{1}{2}} + \dots + \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{n}}{n+\frac{1}{n}} \right)$

【解答】

$$\frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{n}}{n+1} + \frac{\sin \frac{2\pi}{n}}{n+\frac{1}{2}} + \dots + \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{n}}{n+\frac{1}{n}} = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{\sin \frac{k\pi}{n}}{n+\frac{1}{k}} \leq \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\pi}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \sin \frac{k\pi}{n} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \sin x dx = \frac{2}{\pi}$$

$$\frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{n}}{n+1} + \frac{\sin \frac{2\pi}{n}}{n+\frac{1}{2}} + \dots + \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{n}}{n+\frac{1}{n}} = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{\sin \frac{k\pi}{n}}{n+\frac{1}{k}} \geq \frac{n}{\pi(n+1)} \frac{\pi}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \sin \frac{k\pi}{n} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \sin x dx = \frac{2}{\pi}$$